

Analysis of $x \mapsto \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 3x + 9}{x^2 - 2}$

We consider the function defined by $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 3x + 9}{x^2 - 2}$.

Its domain of definition is $]-\infty ; -\sqrt{2}[\cup]-\sqrt{2} ; \sqrt{2}[\cup]\sqrt{2} ; +\infty[$.

It is derivable on $]-\infty ; -\sqrt{2}[\cup]-\sqrt{2} ; \sqrt{2}[\cup]\sqrt{2} ; +\infty[$.

Its derivative is $f'(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2 (x^2 - 2x - 6)}{(x^2 - 2)^2}$.

It admits the below limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \underset{<}{\rightarrow} -\sqrt{2}} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \underset{>}{\rightarrow} -\sqrt{2}} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \underset{<}{\rightarrow} \sqrt{2}} f(x) = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \underset{>}{\rightarrow} \sqrt{2}} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = +\infty$$

The equations of its vertical asymptotes are:

$$x = -\sqrt{2}$$

$$x = \sqrt{2}$$

The equation of its oblique asymptote is:

$$y = x - 1$$

A table of values is:

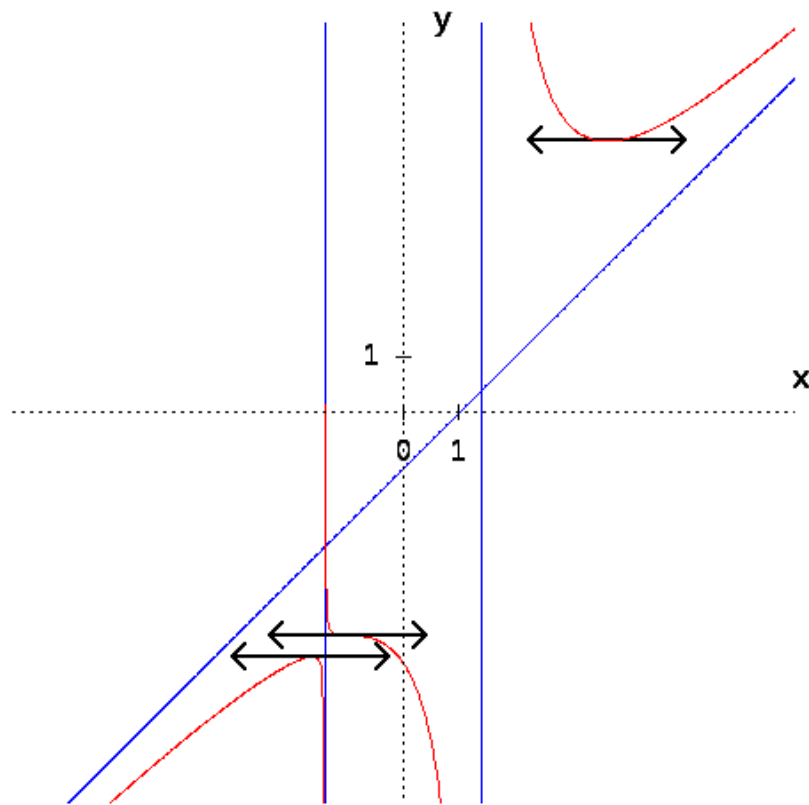
x	$1 - \sqrt{7} \approx -1.64$	-1	$\sqrt{7} + 1 \approx 3.64$
$f(x)$	$\frac{11 \cdot \sqrt{7}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} - 6} - \frac{26}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} - 6} \approx -4.38$	-4	$\frac{11 \cdot \sqrt{7}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} + 6} + \frac{26}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} + 6} \approx 4.88$

Its table of variations is:

x	$-\infty$	$1 - \sqrt{7}$	$-\sqrt{2}$	-1	$\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{7} + 1$	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	$+$	0	$-$	$-$	0	$-$	$+$
$f(x)$	$-\infty$	$\frac{11 \cdot \sqrt{7}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} - 6} - \frac{26}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} - 6}$	$-\infty$	$+\infty$	-4	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
						$\frac{11 \cdot \sqrt{7}}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} + 6} + \frac{26}{2 \cdot \sqrt{7} + 6}$	

Its graph is:





Note: these results have been obtained from an automated program and are not guaranteed to be exact.

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